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Excerpts From 1979 North Korean Central Yearbook



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## KOREAN AFFAIRS REPORT

No. 186

### EXCERPTS FROM 1979 NORTH KOREAN CENTRAL YEARBOOK

Pyongyang CHOSON CHUNGANG NYONGAM in Korean 1979 pp 312-315, 630-633, 639-645, 651-655, 658-661

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## PEOPLE'S LIVING STANDARD IMPROVED

Pyongyang CHOSON CHUNGANG YONGAM in Korean 1979 pp 312-315

[Text] The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"In our country the state is providing all working people with all the conditions of food, clothing, and housing." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 6, p 346)

All the living conditions insured by the state, our people are living an affluent life without any inconvenience amid the warm overseeing of the fatherly leader who has been completely dedicating his whole life on the road of making the people happy.

The working people of our country, one and all holding admirable jobs, are working, receiving remuneration according to the quantity and quality of labor performed, regardless of sex or age. In particular, the women are working, holding jobs consistent with their physical constitution and abilities amid the extraordinary concern of the party and the state.

By virtue of the labor safety system which is being thoroughly implemented thanks to the concern of the fatherly leader, everywhere the working people of our country are working reliable safety facilities and facilities for tidiness in hygiene have been established, and ample safety measures are in effect.

The working people of our country are enjoying fringe benefits from the state which are greater than the distribution they receive according to their labor performed.

The working people receive labor protection supplies such as work clothes, footwear, rainwear, and quilted clothes, and the workers engaged in strenuous labor are issued high-nutrition foodstuffs or tonics, free of charge.

The children of all working people are studying, free of charge, at nurseries, kindergartens, and schools, receiving seasonal clothing.

In our country where the word "tuition" has long been extinct, educational expenses are entirely assumed by the state; moreover, seasonal clothing, textbooks and stationery are issued free of charge or at nominal prices to preschool children and students; higher professional school students and college and university



students are given scholarships; the state also assumes all the expenses necessary for students' extracurricular activities and experiments and practical exercises, survey and field trips and camping.

In our country where medial facilities have been established everywhere people live and a universal free medical care system is in effect, everything is free of charge such as medical examination, doctor's home visit, outpatient medical care, surgery, medicine, inpatient medical care, and even meals while hospitalized. For the implementation of this policy the state is expending hundreds of millions of won every year.

The state, buying up rice from the peasants at high prices, is amply supplying food to workers and office workers at nominal prices almost next to nothing, at state expense. Through this policy alone the workers and office workers are receiving from the state every year an average 560 won per household as a fringe benefit.

The state is also building dwellings for the workers and peasants, free of charge, and is insuring electricity, water, and even fuel for them at low prices.

In addition, through the social insurance system, the social security system, and paid vacations, through the rest and recuperation system and the labor safety system at state expense, the working people are receiving from the state a lot of additional fringe benefits every year.

The fringe benefits our working people receive from the state through its people-oriented policies are greater than the wages they receive as their share of labor performed.

For the year 1978 the state increased social cultural expenditures to 107.3 percent compared with 1977, and continued to expend enormous state funds for improving the standard of living for the people.

#### Urban Management

Urban management work under our country's socialist system, by properly protecting and managing the buildings and facilities, parks and recreation centers which our people have constructed with their sweat and by making the life of working people convenient and enjoyable, is positively serving to improve the material and cultural standards of living for the people.

Under the sagacious leadership and warm overseeing of the great leader, today the material and technical foundations of our urban management work have been laid thoroughly and its service capacities by far strengthened.

In 1978, once again on the road of his on-the-spot guidance in every nook and corner of the country from the northernmost city of Onsong to Ch'ongjin City, from the port city of Namp'o on the west coast to the border city of Sinuiju, the fatherly leader gave his teachings for properly maintaining with timeliness buildings such as dwellings, for more satisfactorily solving the question of potable water, for improving management work for parks and recreation centers.

During the year, in loyal response to the great leader's teachings the urban management branch put efforts into even more normalizing and still better conducting maintenance and management work for all buildings with priority to dwellings.

First of all, precisely investigating and grasping the state of the buildings and registering without exception their technical contents and the state of their utilization, the branch established an orderly system for maintaining them on a planned basis.

The branch also briskly carried out the work of modernizing the form and content of the buildings to suit the developing realities and the demands of working people in terms of living. Many buildings and dwellings in provincial seats such as Pyongyang were remodeled in better harmony with modern aesthetics and very much to the convenience of our people in using them.

There was a great improvement achieved in making life cultured and hygienic, widely adopting sealed cooking fireplace in dwellings where briquettes are used.

Under conditions that the demands for water for daily living and for cultural purposes were ever more increasing and that there occurred unusual climatic phenomena caused by the cold front, work was also carried out during the year to provide still more drinking water and increase water production. With the roving inspection of the water supply system more thoroughly established and with the elimination of loss of drinking water in transit, a large quantity of water came to be stored even as water was liberally used.

During the year the scope of the centralized heating system also was widened further.

Hot water heating facilities were installed in newly constructed buildings and dwellings, and buildings including a large number of dwellings which used to do heating with their own boilers and coal, were placed under a centralized heating system.

Thus during the year our working people enjoyed a more cultured life in dwellings with modern water supply and drainage systems and hot water heating facilities installed and equipped with various kinds of furniture and fixtures.

During the year functionaries of the urban management branch, deeply engraving in their hearts an awareness that fervent love for the socialist fatherland begins with valuing one tree, one bunch of grass and beautifully organizing streets and neighborhoods, devoted their strength and wisdom to more admirably organizing parks and recreation centers and earnestly making cities clean.

The landscaping branch, taking advantage of the beautiful geography of our country, built new parks to suit the life feeling of our working people, on the one hand, and augmenting existing parks and recreation centers, installing still more cultural and recreational facilities, and planting more trees and flowers in the streets and neighborhoods, turned many cities such as Pyongyang even more beautiful as "a city within a park."

The achievements scored by the urban management branch in 1978 are that in many places such as Pyongyang new streets were built, modern dwellings and educational, cultural, public health organs, and service facilities were constructed and commendably organized convenient to our people to suit their life feeling.

In 1978 Hasin Street and Kyonghung Street were newly constructed in the capital city of Pyongyang, Wau Street in Wonsan, Tungbangsan Street in Anju, making the cities magnificent and beautiful; in the Anju Coal Mine District a modern coal miners city was erected and a large number of new modern dwellings were constructed in every rural village.

During the year with enormous funds the state newly constructed many nurseries and kindergartens, reorganized existing nurseries and kindergartens even better, newly built 604 schools, and constructed some 10,000 additional classrooms.

In 1978, with a large number of monumental structures erected and urban management work reaching a high level, our country became a people's paradise, a good place to live, and ours become a happy people enjoying a high-level material and cultural life.

#### Landscape Exhibition Hall

The Landscape Exhibition Hall on the foothills of Moranbong in Pyongyang opened its doors to the public in 1978.

The floor space of the exhibition hall is 2,000 square meters.

On exhibit here are magnolia and other plants growing in various parts of our country, and several hundred kinds of plants of the tropics, subtropics, and the temperate zones.

This hall where there are on display extraordinary plants growing in our country and in many countries of the world from perennial flowers to plants is not only a cultural place of rest for the working people coming to the park but also is a place of learning which widens their knowledge and common sense about plants.

#### Goods Supply and Services

In our country which holds it as the supreme principle of its activity to promote the material and cultural well-being of the people, commerce is serving as an important means of realizing the warm concern of the great leader for the people.

In 1978, by the sagacious leadership of the fatherly leader our socialist commerce had its material and technical foundations strengthened by far, and a lot of achievements were scored in goods supply and service work.

The commercial branch, further modernizing the service network to suit the intrinsic demands of the socialist commercial system of our country and modernizing, mechanizing, and automating all service facilities, launched its service activities more efficiently to the convenience of the people.

Even as it overfulfilled its annual plan for goods circulation, the commercial branch, by thoroughly and elegantly organizing the sales counters and remodeling the signboards and various kinds of visual aids to suit modern aesthetics to the greater delight of the customers, made the goods even more attractive.

In particular, great achievements were scored by the stores in positively adopting modern sales tools such as various kinds of scales, cash registers, and automatic venders and by the food stores in realizing the installation of comprehensive refrigerating facilities.

During the year, too, studying and grasping the needs of the inhabitants for goods down to the detail, they supply goods to suit their needs.

In particular, in accordance with the guidelines of the party for supplying vegetables, fruit, and fish throughout the four seasons without running any of the items short, evenly to the working people in all regions including the mountainous zones, they established an orderly system for interregional goods circulation and supplied vegetables and fruit in a timely manner, transporting them by exclusive trains from the southern regions to the northern regions.

In addition, with increased supplies of goods such as good clothes, footwear, and sweaters, the working people came to dress even more elegantly, and high-class cultural goods such as watches and television sets, kitchen appliances such as refrigerators and furniture supplied in greater quantities made the life of the working people even more cultured and affluent.

During the year the commercial branch, focusing its capability on securing and supplying primary consumer goods and miscellaneous goods essential to people's life, positively mobilized and utilized all reserves and possibilities. In particular, briskly launching processing work and purchasing work on its own, the commercial branch more satisfactorily conducted supply work for the inhabitants.

During the year, making their first appearances at department stores such as Pyongyang No 1 Department Store, "household work team sales units" strove to add to the convenience of the people's life, producing hundreds of kinds of miscellaneous daily necessities with odd ends of yardage and unused materials.

Again, the commercial branch launched the struggle to further increase the sources of goods as well, positively mobilizing local reserves and possibilities.

Thoroughly organizing raw materials bases capable of producing and securing on its own the materials and supplies it used to receive from the capital city and other provinces and strengthening its own purchasing work, each locality positively mobilized and utilized its own sources of materials.

Moreover, the rural stores were made to become reliable suppliers of materials for processing by food store processing teams and, with the work of securing and storing materials for processing into foodstuffs positively organized, the variety and quantity of processed foodstuffs increased further.

Loyally upholding the teachings of the fatherly leader for organizing many family-run restaurants so as to serve the convenience in life of the inhabitants even



better, the commercial branch during the year further consolidated the material and technical foundations of professional restaurants on the one hand and briskly carried out the work of newly establishing family-run restaurants and normalizing their operation.

The restaurants serving special dishes of various localities, too, which were organized in Pyongyang city by the magnanimous concern of the fatherly leader, made the people's life more enjoyable and zesty, commendably serving various local specialties.

The commercial branch, visiting socialist construction sites where the fire of innovation was being stoked in the fulfillment of tasks for the first year of the Second Seven-Year Plan, rendered field services as well, and further strengthening the people's neighborhood unit-sales personnel system, launched the service activities more briskly than at any time to directly deliver supplementary food-stuffs to each household as and when necessary.

Again, highly displayed was the revolutionary work habit of improving the organization of service to better serve the living conditions of the inhabitants such as their breakfast and supper tables.

During the year still more soft drink stores were established in large numbers everywhere in the country such as residential districts, parks and recreation centers, legitimate theaters and movie theaters, rest centers and historical revolutionary sites, and medicinal water, "sindok" water, and soda pop were supplied to the working people.

The service branch expanded its service network of barbershop and beauty salon, bathhouse, laundry and garment repair shop and western tailor shop, a network which serves even better in lessening the burden of the women in household chores, and with the facilities modernized, our working people led a more civilized, cultured life.

#### Public Health

In the radiant rays of chuche medicine founded by the great leader our country today has become one of the countries with the lowest mortality rate and the longest life expectancy in the world, and each and every one of the people is enjoying the joys of good health and long life to the heart's content.

In our country, with a complete and universal free medical care system in effect and all ri dispensaries in the rural areas converted to hospitals, all people throughout the country from big cities to the mountainous hinterland to the lonely island have been freed from the dangers of disease and even if taken ill, are enjoying the benefits of medical care without paying a single penny for it.

Today in our country the mortality rate has been reduced to a quarter compared with preliberation days and the people's average life expectancy has almost doubled that of Japanese imperialist days to 73 years of age.

Today throughout the country hospitals equipped with modern facilities have been densely deployed with a large army of medical functionaries. Our country ranks

among the most advanced countries in terms of the number of doctors and hospital beds and of medical service standards.

By the magnanimous love and concern of the fatherly leader the public health expenditure of the state budget also continued to increase for the year.

Above all, even as every province has a medical college hospital, every county people's hospital, every ri and tong a dispensary or a hospital, each and every one of the newly constructed factories and enterprises has an industrial hospital or a dispensary. In addition, large specialized hospitals and general hospitals were established.

With large hospitals reorganized into general hospitals, ri dispensaries converted to hospitals, and maternity hospital facilities strengthened by the concern of the fatherly leader, medical service for the people in industrial districts and rural inhabitants came to reach a higher standard during the year.

During the year, too, the state assumed an enormous amount of expenses incurred at such modern hospitals for examinations, various kinds of tests, medicines, in-hospital care, and meals. Even tonics to help restore the health of patients discharged after complete treatment were issued free of charge.

During 1978, too, the sanitariums established at spas, hot springs, and scenic spots of our country treated many patients whose ailments had been basically cured or who were suffering from minor illnesses requiring no hospitalization. The state assumed the entire expenses including even meals and travel expenses to and fro, not to mention the medicines dispensed during the stay at sanitariums.

The nurseries and kindergartens, with their own detached children's wards, are taking care of the youngsters indisposed in the slightest and are paying special attention to the nutritional care of those who are somewhat weak in general condition.

During the year our country's preschool children and mothers enjoyed greater special benefits for the protection of their health.

The public health functionaries of maternity hospitals and maternity wards evenly deployed everywhere in the country rendered aid to all pregnant women in childbirth.

All pregnant women not only received systematic examinations and prenatal care from specialist doctors and midwives but entered hospital for delivery and attendant care, or received help and attendant care for delivery at home from specialist doctors and midwives.

During the year for the protection of children's health the public health functionaries of pediatric hospitals and children's wards and provincial, municipal, and county (district) epidemic prevention stations promoted children's health, carrying out on a routine basis preventive inoculation and collective examination for nursery and kindergarten children.

In our country where it is held the basics of public health work to prevent illness in advance rather than treating working people, youths and juveniles after they have been taken ill, the people's health is being even more reliably protected with the work of hygiene and epidemic prevention, preventive inoculation, and physical checkup conducted on a high standard.

During the year, too, in our country an all-out mass movement was launched for tidiness in hygiene, and various kinds of preventive inoculation and physical checkup of the entire inhabitants were carried out thoroughly so as to allow no room for the outbreak of acute epidemics.

With a complete and universal free medical care system put into effect and the party guidelines for preventive medicine thoroughly carried through, today in our country people's average life expectancy has increased by as much as 32 years over preliberation days.

In the sunshine of the gracious love of the great leader ours has become a country of good health and long life to which mankind has long aspired and ours a blessed people singing of "youth at 60," "anniversary of hwangap [one's 60th birthday] at 90."

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## ABOLITION OF TAX SYSTEM OUTLINED

Pyongyang CHOSON CHUNGANG YONGAM in Korean 1979 p 315

[Text] By the sagacious leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song ours has become the first country without taxes in the world.

"Item No 5 of the Fatherland Restoration Society 10-Point Program: Japan's and its lackeys' claims on the people, various kinds of taxes, and monopoly system shall be liquidated, life of the masses improved, and national industry, agriculture, and commerce developed free from obstruction."

23 March 1946: A 20-point platform is announced, [including] "...a single, fair and just tax payment system shall be enacted and a progressive income tax system implemented."

June 1946: "An agricultural tax-in-kind system" is enacted with a view to making the tax burden of the peasantry fair and just and enhancing their production desire as well, and consolidating the achievements in land reform.

July 1947: North Korea People's Committee adopts Decree No 2 "Decision on a North Korea Tax System" with a view to liquidating the dregs of the tax system of the Japanese imperialist rule and implementing a fair and just tax system with income tax as the mainstay.

1955: The income tax burden of workers and office workers is reduced by 30 percent; the tax burden of handicraftsmen, enterprises, and merchants is reduced drastically. The agricultural tax-in-kind of the peasantry which was 25 percent of their harvest is also reduced to an average 20.1 percent.

1959: The agricultural tax-in-kind which was 20.1 percent is further reduced to 8.4 percent.

1964-1966: The agricultural tax-in-kind is completely abolished.

21 March 1974: The third meeting of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly by decree proclaims before the whole world total abolition of the tax system.

1 April 1974: Footsteps are made toward a country without taxes for the first time in the history of mankind.



## ATMOSPHERIC PHENOMENA FOR 1978 REVIEWED

Pyongyang CHOSON CHUNGANG YONGAM in Korean 1979 pp 630-633

[Text] The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The cold front is also exerting effects on our country's weather."  
("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 7, p 353)

As the effects of the cold front sweeping the world reached our country as well, unusual climatic phenomena occurred in our country during 1978, such as severe drought in spring and sultry weather and frequent heavy rainfalls in summer.

During 1978 temperatures were variable but higher as a whole.

In particular, in January, the last 10 days of July, and December the temperatures were very high, and on this account the annual mean temperature was higher than the normal year by as much as 0.5-1.5°C. (Table 1)

To take a look by the regions, the temperature was higher than the normal year by 1.0-1.6°C on the east coast and by about 0.5-0.8°C on the west coast and inland areas.

To take a look at the rainfall for the year, despite the severe drought in spring there were frequent heavy rainfalls in summer, and except for Pyongyang city and parts of South P'yongan Province, the general region on the west coast and the southern region on the east coast had more rainfall than the normal year. In particular, the southern areas on the west coast had heavy rainfalls to the extent of about 150 percent of the normal year.

The atmospheric conditions for 1978 by the seasons were as follows:

In January the temperature was higher than the normal year by about 1.0-3.5°C but as the season moved into February, the temperature fell. In mid-February the temperature was lower than the normal year by about 2-5°C.

Consequently, the monthly mean temperature was also about 1-1.5°C lower.

January and February precipitation ranged 15-110 mm, with less rainfall on the west coast areas.

The other areas had more rainfall than the normal year.

Table 1. Mean Temperature and Precipitation for 1978

Category	Temperature in degrees Centigrade		Precipitation in millimeters	
	Difference in comparison with normal year		Difference in comparison with normal year (in percentages)	
Point	Temperature		Precipitation	
Pyongyang	10.2	0.6	934.1	95
Sinuiju	9.6	0.8	1190.4	113
Sariwon	10.6	0.5	1126.7	123
Haeju	11.2	0.5	1689.7	150
Kaesong	11.0	0.6	1460.1	115
Kanggye	7.0	0.8	994.6	104
Hyesan	3.2	0.3	590.3	95
Ch'ongjin	8.4	1.0	521.6	78
Hamhung	10.5	1.4	885.8	91
Wonsan	11.6	1.6	1749.7	122

The west coast areas had about 50-80 percent rainfall of the normal year, the northern inland areas 120-160 percent of the normal year, and the east coast areas about 160-190 percent.

With the advent of spring severe drought began and its center was located in the west coast areas.

There was less snowfall in winter on the west coast areas and in spring, too, there was less rainfall, the precipitation ranging 30-60 mm, a small amount equivalent to 25-40 percent of the normal year for the spring season (March-May). Among others the southern areas on the west coast had the least rainfall with the result that Haeju had 26 percent of the normal year's precipitation, Changyon 35 mm equivalent to 27 percent of the normal year, and Sariwon 36 mm equivalent to 28 percent of the normal year.

Severe drought also hit the east coast areas south of Hamhung, the precipitation only equivalent to 60-70 percent of the normal year.

Even in the northern inland areas and the northern areas on the east coast where rainfall was heavier, it was only about 90 percent of the normal year.

To take a look at spring temperatures, as the temperatures in the early period were low, the arrival of spring was about 1 week later than the normal year in the west coast areas and about 3-4 days later in the east coast areas.

But as temperatures gradually rose thereafter, spring temperatures were about 1.0-1.5°C higher than the normal year.

The atmospheric conditions for the summer season were characterized by heavy rainfalls on several occasions and the emergence of an extremely sultry weather from the last 10 days of July to early August.

The summer rainy season began in the last 10 days of June, and there were heavy rainfalls on several occasions in the period up to the middle 10 days of July and in the period from the end of the first 10 days of August to mid-August.

Heavy rainfalls centered on the southern west coast areas where the drought had been severe, and the precipitation was twice as much as the normal year.

Also, in the basin of the Imjin River, the upper reaches of the Ch'ongch'on River, and in the southern areas on the east coast the heavy rainfall reached 140-150 percent of the normal year.

The northern areas on the east coast and the northeastern inland areas had less rainfall which was about 70-90 percent of the normal year. (Table 2)

Table 2. Summer Precipitation (in millimeters)

Category Point	Summer Precipitation	Comparison with normal year (in percentages)
Pyongyang	671.3	95
Sinuiju	977.2	143
Sariwon	910.4	153
Haeju	1506.0	217
Kaesong	1233.4	155
Kanggye	716.2	125
Hyesan	376.7	96
Ch'ongjin	295.8	82
Hamhung	638.4	72
Wonsan	1083.0	140

To take a look at the summer temperatures, due to the extreme sultry weather conditions during the intervals in the rainy season they were higher than the normal year.

The summer temperature ranged 18-24°C, particularly higher on the east coast by as much as 1.5-2.0°C than the normal year and by about 0.5-1.0°C on the west coast.

With the advent of autumn the temperature began falling rapidly and the weather remaining fair for many days, there was little precipitation.

Except for certain parts of the southern areas on the east coast, there was less autumn rainfall in all regions, particularly the northern areas on the east coast, the southern areas on the west coast, and the basin of the Yalu, where the rainfall was no more than 50-60 percent of the normal year.

The autumn temperatures ranged 6-13°C, about the level of the normal year.

For December the temperature was very high, about 2-3°C higher than the normal year in most of the areas of our country.

#### Aggregate Temperature

Even though spring arrived late for 1978, subsequent temperatures were higher and in consequence, the aggregate temperature was higher than the normal year, particularly so on the east coast.

The aggregate temperature in excess of 5°C for a daily mean temperature ranged 2,500-4,300°C, higher by as much as 300-350°C than the normal year on the east coast and by about 100-200°C on the west coast.

The aggregate temperature in excess of 15°C for a daily mean temperature ranged 1,700-3,500°C, higher by as much as 350-450°C than the normal year on the east coast and by about 100-250°C on the west coast. (Table 3)

#### Unusual Climatic Phenomena

For 1978 too, everywhere in the world there appeared frequently unusual climatic phenomena such as major droughts, sultry weather, and heavy rainfalls.

The variable weather occurring on a worldwide scale affected our country's weather as well, with a lot of unusual climatic phenomena such as drought.

The unusual climatic phenomena that occurred in 1978 were as follows:

##### 1. Drought

For 1978 too, drought was severe.

In particular, during the winter of the year following 1977 there was less snowfall in the areas south of the central west coast and these areas suffered drought of a major magnitude rarely seen in years.

Table 3. Aggregate Temperature in Excess of Daily Mean Temperature of 5°C and 15°C

Category	5°C		15°C	
	1978 aggregate temperature	Difference in comparison with normal year	1978 aggregate temperature	Difference in comparison with normal year
Point				
Pyongyang	4,084	131	3,270	183
Sinuiju	3,951	193	3,168	250
Sariwon	4,158	126	3,320	152
Haeju	4,196	111	3,361	165
Kaesong	4,173	134	3,296	189
Kanggye	3,435	47	2,796	250
Hyesan	2,761	35	1,856	27
Ch'ongjin	3,437	318	2,313	366
Hamhung	4,048	356	3,155	385
Wonsan	4,250	321	3,414	433

The rainfall in these areas in the period from 11 March to the end of the second 10 days of May was no more than 15-20 percent of the normal year, and in certain areas such as Changyon, South Hwanghae Province, the rainfall was no more than 5 mm.

The spring drought lasted until the beginning of the last 10 days of June. To take a look at the precipitation from March to the end of the second 10 days of June, it was less than 50 percent of the normal year in the areas south of the central west coast, the center of the drought. It was about 50-70 percent of the normal year in the northern areas on the west coast and on the east coast.

Even in the northern inland areas where there was a comparatively heavier rainfall, the precipitation was no more than 80-85 percent of the normal year.  
(Table 4)

## 2. Heavy Rainfalls

For 1978, following the spring drought there were frequent heavy rainfalls during the rainy season.

The rainy season began on or about 25 June, and in the period from 25 June to the second 10 days of July there were frequent heavy rainfalls, the precipitation amounting to more than 400 mm in the southern areas on the west coast, in the basins of the Imjin River and the Ch'ongch'on.

Table 4. 1978 Precipitation for Spring and March to Second 10 Days of June (in mm)

Category Point	Precipitation			
	Spring (March-May)	Comparison with normal year(percent)	March to second 10 days of June	Comparison with normal year (percent)
Pyongyang	50.7	35	93.6	49
Sinuiju	57.9	48	123.9	66
Sariwon	35.9	28	76.9	45
Haeju	45.2	26	121.3	53
Kanggye	128.7	80	195.3	83
Hyesan	88.9	91	130.4	83
Ch'ongjin	76.5	86	89.5	65
Hamhung	93.1	69	122.6	67
Wonsan	127.2	62	160.5	59

Table 5. Heavy Rainfalls

Category Point	Precipitation (in millimeters)	
	Period	Precipitation
Haeju	6.25 - 7.16	829.1
Kumch'on	6.25 - 7.21	945.3
Sohung	6.25 - 7.21	833.0
P'yonggang	6.25 - 7.16	852.5
Ich'on	6.29 - 7.16	692.4
Sep'o	6.29 - 7.16	620.3
Poptong	6.29 - 7.16	538.5
P'an'gyo	6.29 - 7.16	620.6

The areas where the rainfall was heavy during this period included Kumch'on (945 mm), Sohung (833 mm), and Haeju (829 mm), North Hwanghae Province, and P'yonggang (853 mm), Kangwon Province, and the precipitation in a period of no more than 15 days exceeded 800 mm. (Table 5)

Annual Mean Temperature (in degrees Centigrade)

Point	Month												For year
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Pyongyang	- 5.7	- 5.9	2.3	10.1	16.8	21.4	25.4	24.6	19.0	11.2	4.4	- 1.4	10.2
Sinuiju	- 7.1	- 6.0	2.1	9.5	16.4	20.2	24.6	24.2	19.0	10.5	4.6	- 3.0	9.6
Sariwon	- 4.7	- 5.2	2.3	10.2	17.3	21.4	25.2	24.8	19.3	12.0	5.0	- 0.8	10.6
Haegu	- 3.1	- 3.3	3.1	9.5	17.1	20.2	24.5	24.9	20.3	13.3	6.9	0.9	11.2
Kaesong	- 3.8	- 3.5	3.3	9.7	16.7	20.7	25.0	24.8	19.5	12.6	6.3	0.2	11.0
Kanggye	-11.6	-11.0	0.0	8.1	15.9	20.4	23.9	22.5	16.0	7.0	0.3	- 8.1	7.0
Hyesan	-16.9	-15.9	- 3.5	5.1	12.4	17.9	21.2	19.9	13.0	3.7	- 3.6	-14.7	3.2
Ch'ongjin	- 4.9	- 6.2	2.0	7.6	11.5	16.6	21.7	22.5	17.4	9.5	5.4	- 2.1	8.4
Hamhung	- 4.7	- 4.2	3.2	10.4	16.2	20.6	24.0	23.8	18.4	11.5	6.3	0.1	10.5
Wonsan	- 2.1	- 2.7	4.1	11.5	16.9	21.2	24.3	24.5	18.8	12.7	7.3	2.4	11.6

Annual Precipitation (in millimeters)

Point	Month												For Year
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Pyongyang	9.5	12.1	18.3	16.0	16.4	169.3	238.4	263.6	113.9	23.2	17.9	35.5	934.1
Sinuiju	9.5	9.2	14.8	33.9	9.2	158.8	368.6	449.8	70.7	41.3	4.0	20.6	1190.4
Sariwon	10.8	11.0	14.6	7.4	13.9	259.7	417.8	232.9	99.4	15.3	17.0	26.9	1126.7
Haegu	9.0	16.8	20.2	6.7	18.3	267.6	653.2	585.2	64.4	22.9	7.0	18.4	1689.7
Kaesong	8.2	26.3	32.4	18.7	22.7	307.7	491.2	434.5	74.0	15.8	7.8	20.8	1460.1
Kanggye	7.5	20.5	12.6	72.3	43.8	114.3	212.3	389.6	61.6	29.5	5.3	25.3	994.6
Hyesan	6.8	16.7	6.3	41.7	40.9	76.8	161.1	138.8	56.2	21.9	6.5	16.6	590.3
Ch'ongjin	31.2	16.1	20.5	32.3	23.7	44.7	137.9	113.2	90.0	0.2	10.1	1.7	521.6
Hamhung	12.9	32.0	27.6	53.9	11.6	134.6	236.4	267.4	86.3	9.2	6.8	7.1	885.8
Wonsan	24.2	78.5	52.8	57.4	17.0	356.2	333.4	393.4	281.0	69.6	37.8	48.4	1749.7



There were also heavy rainfalls in the period from 7 to 10 August, and on this occasion, too, the precipitation in the southern areas on the west coast and in the basins of the Imjin River and the Ch'ongch'on reached 400-600 mm.

### 3. Sultry Weather

As the weather began clearing up during a break in the rainy season from the last 10 days of July to the first 10 days of August, sultry summer heat continued, the highest daytime temperature rising above 30°C.

Thus the temperature during the last 10 days of July was 3-4°C higher than the normal year, and in the period from 26 to 29 July, sultry summer heat was severe, the highest daytime temperature registering 35°C or higher.

Thus during 1978 in our country, too, effects of the cold front emerged frequently in the form of unusual climatic phenomena such as major droughts, heavy rainfalls, and sultry weather seldom seen in history.

But under the sagacious leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song the party laid down precise guidelines for preventing beforehand the effects of the cold front, and the struggle to carry through the guidelines was dynamically launched. As a result, our country reaped bumper harvests of all crops, successfully overcoming the effects of the cold front.

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CSO: 4108/162



**WORLD DELEGATIONS VISITING DPRK IN 1978 LISTED**

**Pyongyang CHOSON CHUNGANG YONGAM in Korean 1979 pp 639-645**

[Text]

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Guyana	Party and government delegation of Cooperative Republic of Guyana headed by Prime Minister Linden Forbes Sampson Burnham	4.21 - 4.27
Central Africa	Emperor Bokassa I of Central African Empire	4.28 - 5.2
Seychelles	Government delegation of Republic of Seychelles headed by President France Albert Rene	5.4 - 5.7
China	Hua Gofeng, CCP Central Committee Chairman and concurrently PRC State Council Premier	5.5 - 5.10
Mozambique	Party and government delegation of People's Republic of Mozambique headed by President Samora Moises Machel	5.14 - 5.21

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Romania	Nicolae Ceausescu, General Secretary of Romanian Communist Party and concurrently President of Socialist Republic of Romania	5.20 - 5.23
The Congo	Party and government delegation of People's Republic of the Congo headed by President Joachim Yhomby-Opango	5.25 - 5.29
Rwanda	Juvenal Habyarimana, President of Republic of Rwanda, founder and chairman of the National Revolutionary Movement for Development of Rwanda	6.14 - 6.17
Madagascar	Didier Ratsiraka, President of Democratic Republic of Madagascar	9.6 - 9.21
Bangladesh	Ziaur Rahman, President of People's Republic of Bangladesh	9.8 - 9.10
China	Workers delegation	4.18 - 5.2
	Government trade delegation	4.28 - 5.3
	The first Chinese goodwill mission	4.28 - 5.20
	Badminton team	5.12 - 6.3
	RENNIN RIBAO delegation	5.16 - 6.7
	Science and technology cooperation delegation	5.23 - 6.7
	Public Security basketball team	6.16 - 7.8

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
China (ctd)	Women's volleyball team	7.1 - 7.15
	Delegation of theater and movie theater architects of the Ministry of Culture	7.4 - 7.26
	Railway delegation	7.12 - 8.2
	Chinese painting exhibition delegation	8.1 - 8.16
	August 1 women's volley ball team	8.5 - 8.19
	Friendship delegation of Communist Party functionaries	8.12 - 8.30
	Military friendship delegation	8.18 - 9.1
	Party and government delegation	9.8 - 9.13
	Mass game inspection group	9.2 - 9.20
	Film delegation	9.26 - 10.11
	The second Chinese goodwill mission	9.29 - 10.21
	Academy of Sciences delegation	10.10 - 10.25
	The coal mine and education inspection group of the Chinese Ministry of Coal Industry	10.20 - 11.8
	August 1 soccer team	11.7 - 11.22
	Agricultural delegation	11.17 - 12.9
	August 1 men's and women's table tennis teams	12.5 - 12.23
	Hygiene delegation	12.19 - 12.30
	Delegation of Chinese side of Board of Directors of Korea-China Yalue River Hydropower Generation Company	12.12 - 1.27.79
Mongolia	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.4
	Delegation of reporters of the UNEN	9.20 - 9.30
	Science and technology cooperation delegation	11.3 - 11.11
	Government trade delegation	12.14 - 12.17

(Continued on next page)

## Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Vietnam	Government trade delegation	1.20 - 1.25
	Junior girls' volleyball team	7.16 - 8.2
	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.12
	Science and technology cooperation delegation	10.3 - 10.14
Laos	Party and government delegation	9.5 - 9.16
Kampuchea	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.13
Japan	Delegation of Japan Committee for Supporting Korea's Independent and Peaceful Reunification	4.11 - 4.22
	Political Director's delegation of General Council of Trade Unions of Japan	4.29 - 5.13
	Socialist Party delegation	5.11 - 5.16
	The second delegation of Japan Committee for Supporting Korea's Independent and Peaceful Reunification	5.6 - 5.20
	The third delegation of Japan Committee for Supporting Korea's Independent and Peaceful Reunification	6.10 - 6.20
	Delegation of "The Liaison Council of Societies for the Study of the Chuche Ideology" of Japanese youth	6.8 - 6.29
	Delegation of Dietmen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship	6.24 - 7.1
	The fourth delegation of Japan Committee for Supporting Korea's Independent and Peaceful Reunification	7.9 - 7.18
	Delegation of Socialist Party members of the House of Councilors	7.15 - 7.22

(Continued on next page)

## Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Japan (ctd)	Japanese Soccer League select team	7.15 - 7.29
	The fifth delegation of Japan Committee for Supporting Korea's Independent and Peaceful Reunification	7.22 - 8.1
	Delegation of "The Liaison Council of Societies for the Study of the Chuche Ideology" of Japanese youth	7.11 - 8.3
	Delegation of Japanese teachers "Liaison Council of Societies for the Study of the Chuche Ideology"	7.29 - 8.12
	Friendship delegation of Nagasaki Prefecture, Japan	8.14 - 8.26
	Socialist Party delegation	9.5 - 9.12
	Delegation of General Council of Trade Unions of Japan	9.5 - 9.12
	Delegation of Shimonoseki City Assemblymen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship	9.2 - 9.14
	Delegation of Committee for Solidarity of Japan-Korea Sociologists	9.5 - 9.14
	Delegation of the SHAKAI SINPO, organ of Japan Socialist Party	9.5 - 9.26
	The second Political Director's delegation of General Council of Trade Unions of Japan	9.19 - 9.26
	Delegation of Japanese women for solidarity with Korean women	9.19 - 10.3
	Teachers' Union delegation	9.30 - 10.10
	Editor in chief of politicotheoretical magazine SEKAI	10.10 - 10.24
	Delegation of Nichido Fire and Marine Insurance Co. Ltd., Japan	10. -
	Party of news reporters of the ASAHI SHINBUN	10.31 - 11.14

(Continued on next page)

# Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Japan (ctd)	Kansai region delegation of General Council of Trade Unions of Japan	11.7 - 11.17
	Delegation of Osaka Women (?Diet Members) for Supporting Korea's Independent and Peaceful Reunification	11.14 - 11.25
	Niigata Prefecture Trade Union delegation	11.25 - 12.5
	Socialist Party delegation	12.19 - 12.23
Indonesia	Government delegation	9.6 - 9.12
Malaysia	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.12
Thailand	Government delegation	9.5 - 9.12
	Government delegation	9.26 - 9.30
	Archery team	9.30 - 10.7
Burma	Educational delegation	5.9 - 5.23
	Economic delegation	8.1 - 8.12
	Music and dance art troupe	8.8 - 8.19
	Government delegation	9.5 - 9.12
Nepal	Editor in chief of the MIRROR	4.14 - 4.19
	Nepalese art troupe	6.27 - 7.15
	Their Royal Highnesses Prince Gyanendra Bir Bikram Shah and Prince Dhirendra Bir Bikram Shah	7.18 - 7.22
	Government delegation	9.5 - 9.16

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
India	Government and parliament delegation	9.7 - 9.12
	Government trade delegation	9.18 - 9.23
	Communist (Marxist) Party delegation	10.10 - 10.21
	Indian dance troupe	11.28 - 12.5
Pakistan	National Defense College inspection group	5.2 - 5.6
	Vice president of the International Airlines and party	6.10 - 6.13
	Joint secretary of the Karachi Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association and his wife	6.27 - 7.1
	Government delegation	9.5 - 9.12
	Chairman of Karachi Pakistani Committee for Supporting Korean Reunification	9.30 - 10.7
	Radio and Television Broadcasting delegation	12.12 - 12.15
Sri Lanka	Special envoy of the president and government	9.5 - 9.12
Afghani- stan	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.14
Iran	Vice president the Pars New Agency	6.6 - 6.10
	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.12
Iraq	Economic and technical delegation	4.29 - 5.9
	Book exhibition delegation	7.10 - 7.27
	Party and government delegation	9.8 - 9.11
	Journalists delegation	9.18 - 9.28

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Syria	Party and government delegation	9.6 - 9.13
Lebanon	Secretary General of Lebanon-Korea Friendship Association	4.13 - 4.25
	Delegation of "Lebanon Committee for the Study of Kimilsongism"	9.6 - 9.14
	Socialist Progressive Party delegation	9.6 - 9.19
Jordan	Government agricultural delegation	5.9 - 5.13
	Government information delegation	9.15 - 9.12
	Government delegation	9.6 - 9.13
Kuwait	United Shipping and Trading Company President and party	5.9 - 5.13
	Government delegation	9.5 - 9.12
	High Highness Fahad Al Ahmed Al Jaber Al Sahah, Amir's younger brother	9.23 - 9.30
Yemen	Government delegation	9.6 - 9.14
	Culture and information delegation	12.26 - 1.2.79
Democratic Yemen	Party and government delegation	4.28 - 4.30
	Presidential Council Chairman's special envoy	8.8 - 8.12
	Party and government delegation	9.6 - 9.14

(Continued on next page)



Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Palestine	PLO delegation	9.6 - 9.14
	PLO Executive Committee Chairman's special envoy	11.3 - 11.7
Egypt	President's special envoy	2.7 - 2.11
	Educational delegation	8.8 - 8.21
	Government delegation	9.8 - 9.12
Libya	Government civil aviation delegation	2.25 - 3.4
	Bank delegation	7.24 - 7.25
	Delegation of Ministry of Public Service and Ministry of Social Security	7.24 - 8.1
	Delegation of General People's Congress of the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	8.11 - 8.14
	Delegation of General People's Congress of the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	9.6 - 9.12
	Delegation of General People's Congress of the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	
The Sudan	Government civil aviation delegation	3.14 - 3.21
	Daily Necessities Company President	7.4 - 7.11
	Party and government delegation	9.6 - 9.12
Tunisia	Government delegation	9. -
Algeria	President's special envoy	5.29 - 5.31
	Film delegation	6.26 - 7.11
	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.12

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Mali	Cultural Counselor of Ministry of Youth, Sports, Arts and Culture, and his wife	4.16 - 5.30
	Government delegation	8.8 - 8.15
	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.11
The Gambia	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.14
Senegal	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.14
Guinea-Bissau	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.13
Cape Verde	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.13
Guinea	Government delegation	9.5 - 9.12
Sierra Leone	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.13
Liberia	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.14
Upper Volta	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.13
Ghana	Government delegate	9. -
	Government delegation	9.14 - 9.21

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Togo	Government hydraulic and agricultural construction delegation	6.2. - 6.13
	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.16
Benin	World Federation of Trade Unions standing representative of Beninese Federation of Workers Unions, and his family	8.21 - 8.26
	Party and government delegation	9.6 - 9.11
Nigeria	Cooperatives delegation	8.14 - 8.22
	Government delegation	9.8 - 9.12
Niger	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.12
Chad	Government delegation	9.5 - 9.12
Cameroon	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.14
Central Africa	Emperor's special envoy	2.7 - 2.11
	Central African Empire delegation	4. -
	Party and government delegation	9.4 - 9.19
Equatorial Guinea	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.16
Gabon	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.14

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
The Congo	Minister of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation	4.24 - 4.27
	Party and government delegation	9.6 - 9.11
Zaire	People's Movement of Revolution delegation	9.7 - 9.16
Burundi	Party and government delegation	9.6 - 9.12
	Government agricultural delegation	10.3 - 10.14
	Delegation of Burundi Committee for Supporting Korean Reunification	10.21 - 10.28
Rwanda	Party and government delegation	9.6 - 9.13
Uganda	The President's elder brother and party	6.19 - 6.29
Ethiopia	Government delegate	9. -
Somalia	Industrial delegation	7.21 - 7.25
	Party and government delegation	9.6 - 9.13
Tanzania	Educational delegation	6.6 - 7.1
	Party and government delegation	9.5 - 9.12
	Revolutionary Party delegation	10.5 - 10.13
	Cultural delegation	9.30 - 10.17
	Industrial delegation	10.28 - 11.3

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Mozambique	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.16
Zambia	Party and government delegation	9.6 - 9.3
	Military friendship delegation	9.19 - 9.26
Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe African National Union	5.23 - 5.27
	Zimbabwe Patriotic Front delegation	9.6 - 9.13
Angola	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.14
South-West Africa	South-West African People's Organization delegation	9.6 - 9.13
Madagascar	Ministry of Public Works and Housing delegation	7.24 - 7.29
Sao Tome & Principe	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.13
Seychelles	Government delegation	9.6 - 9.14
Mauritius	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.12
Cuba	Table tennis team	2.21 - 2.28
	Judo team	3.14 - 3.21
	Men's and women's volleyball teams	3.14 - 3.28
	National Writers and Artists Alliance delegation	4.3 - 4.11

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Cuba (ctd)	Editor in chief of the ESCAMBRAY of Sancti Spiritu	5. -
	Select youth soccer team	6.29 - 7.18
	Junior women's volleyball team	7.24 - 8.3.
	Party and government delegation	9.4 - 9.12
Mexico	Communist Party delegation	9.7 - 9.16
Costa Rica	Socialist Party delegation	9.7 - 9.12
Jamaica	Party and government delegate	8.28 - 9.12
Venezuela	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.11
Guyana	Chairman of Guyana Committee for Supporting Korean Reunification	5.6 - 5.18
	Party and government delegation	9.4 - 9.12
	People's Bookstore Manager	11.7 - 11.21
Brazil	(?Cosimex Comercio Importacao Exportacao Ltda) President	10.30 - 11.17
Ecuador	Ambassador of the Republic of Ecuador to the USSR and his wife	9.16 - 9.23
Peru	Former Peruvian prime minister and family	5.15 - 5.27

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Honduras	National Autonomous University President and party	10.17 - 10.24
The United States	Editor in chief of the GUARDIAN	5.1 - 5.16
The Soviet Union	Party and government delegation	1.18 - 1.22
	Film delegation	2.21 - 2.28
	Trade Union delegation	2.28 - 3.7
	Academy of Sciences delegation	3.14 - 3.22
	Delegation of State Committee for Foreign Economic Relations of the USSR Council of Ministers	3.16 - 3.20
	Lenin Young Communist League delegation	3.21 - 3.25
	Civil aviation delegation	3.30 - 4.4
	Fishery delegation	5.29 - 6.13
	Azerbaijan SSR wrestling team	6.5 - 6.13
	Delegation of the Khabarovsk Maritime Province Committee of the Communist Party of the USSR	6.22 - 7.1
	Delegation of Central Council of Trade Unions	7.3 - 7.11
	Junior women's volleyball team	7.20 - 8.1
	Dynamo junior soccer team	7.31 - 8.8
	Party and state delegation	9.7 - 9.13
	Delegation of the Research Center for State Cinematography Theory and Historical Science	9.18 - 9.30
	Fishery delegation	10.2 - 10.10
	Ukrainian USSR-DPRK Friendship Society delegation	10.2 - 10.12
	Communist Party functionaries delegation	10.23 - 10.31

(Continued on next page)

## Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
The Soviet Union (ctd)	Peace Protection Committee delegation	10.23 - 10.31
	Northern Russia State People's Choir	10.16 - 11.9
	Film delegation	10.30 - 11.9
	USSR-DPRK Friendship Society delegation	11.4 - 11.14
	USSR actors troupe	11.2 - 11.16
	Athletic delegation	11.27 - 12.1
	Delegation of All-Union Research Center for Science and Technology Information	12.25 - 1.2.79
Poland	Government trade delegation	2.3 - 2.7
	Tourist company ORBIS delegation	2. -
	Trade union delegation	5.29 - 6.6
	Swidnica Polonia women's volleyball team	6.12 - 6.27
	Poland-Korea Friendship Model Cooperative Farm delegation	6.19 - 7.4
	Ministry of Industry delegation	6.26 - 7.4
	Junior women's volleyball team	7.17 - 8.1
	(?Chorz6) junior soccer team	7.31 - 8.8
	Delegation of Journalists of the TRYBUNA LUDU	8.5 - 8.15
	Government civil aviation delegation	8.21 - 8.29
	Party and government delegation	9.4 - 9.12
	Ministry of Foreign Trade and Maritime Economy delegation	11.20 - 11.28
	Select judo team	11.27 - 12.12
Czechoslovakia	Select men's and women's table tennis teams	4.24 - 5.9
	Military delegation	5.22 - 5.27

(Continued on next page)



Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Czechoslovakia (ctd)	Select youth soccer team	7.10 - 7.25
	Junior women's volleyball team [Czechoslovak national]	7.17 - 8.1
	(?Ruda Gvezda)/junior soccer team	7.31 - 8.8
	Delegation of the Central Council of Science and Technology Society	8.14 - 8.22
	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.13
	Journalists' Union delegation	10.9 - 10.17
	Art troupe of the military unit named after ("Partisan Captain Jan Nalepuka, Hero of the USSR")	10.30 - 11.14
Hungary	People's Army boxing team	7.3 - 7.18
	Junior women's volley ball team	7.16 - 8.1
	Journalists delegation	7.18 - 8.1
	Doza junior soccer team	7.31 - 8.8
	A writer and his wife	7.17 - 8.15
	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.12
	Hungary-Korea Friendship Nagykata Cooperative Farm delegation	10.2 - 10.17
	People's Army judo team	12.4 - 12.19
Romania	Ministry of Foreign Trade and International Economic Cooperation delegation	5.2 - 5.6
	Economic delegation	5.2 - 5.9
	Communist Party functionaries delegation	5.23 - 5.30
	Fil and Television Broadcasting delegation	6.13 - 6.24

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Romania (ctd)	Judo team	6.13 - 6.27
	Council of Journalists delegation	7.4 - 7.15
	Cununa Carpatilor Folk Art Troupe	7.9 - 7.22
	Newspaper SCINTEIA delegation	7.18 - 7.29
	Galati Workers Club soccer team	7.25 - 8.1
	Dynamo junior soccer team	8.1 - 8.12
	Government civil aviation delegation	8.10 - 8.19
	Delegation of professional builders and architects of the Bucharest City People's Soviet and Romanian National Athletic Board	8.22 - 8.26
	Party and government delegation	9.5 - 9.14
	Communist Party functionaries delegation	10.3 - 10.14
	Military gymnastic team	11. -
	Government delegation	12.4 - 12.8
	Wrestling team	11.28 - 12.12
	Editor in chief of the Pioneers magazine CUTEZATORII	12.5 - 12.12
Bulgaria	Film delegation	3.7 - 3.14
	No 2 select women's volleyball team	5.1 - 5.16
	Communist Party functionaries delegation	6.6 - 6.13
	Television picture-taking party	7.3 - 7.25
	Junior women's volleyball team	7.17 - 8.1
	(?Repski Spartak) junior soccer team	7.31 - 8.8
	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.12
	Delegation of professional art groups	10.9 - 10.24

(Continued on next page)

# Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Bulgaria (ctd)	Artists delegation	11.6 - 11.21
	Director of the Research Center for History of the Academy of Sciences	11.27 - 12.12
Albania	Party and government delegation	9. -
German Democratic Republic	Government economic delegation	2.14 - 2.21
	Delegation of the Ministry of Higher and Specialized Education	4.3 - 4.11
	Government delegation	4.10 - 4.18
	Agricultural Scientists delegation	5.8 - 5.13
	Government trade delegation	5.29 - 6.13
	Government trade delegation	7.9 - 7.13
	Junior women's volleyball team	7.17 - 8.1
	Dynamo junior soccer team	7.31 - 8.8
	Party and government delegation	9.7 - 9.12
	Free German Labor Union Federation delegation	9.28 - 10.2
	Socialist Unity Party of Germany functionaries delegation	9.27 - 10.10
	Government delegation	10.15 - 10.22
	Film delegation	10.9 - 10.24
	Select women's basketball team	10.9 - 10.24
	Writers delegation	10.16 - 10.31
	Government civil aviation delegation	10.23 - 10.31
	Natural science faculty delegation	11.20 - 12.5
	Government delegation	12.4 - 12.7

(Continued on next page)

# Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Yugoslavia	Public health delegation	2.14 - 2.21
	Delegation of the Serbia Socialist Republic of Yugoslavia	3.14 - 3.18
	Table tennis team	6.3 - 6.13
	Military delegation	9.5 - 9.8
	State and party delegation	9.5 - 9.11
	TANJUG delegation	9.5 - 9.11
	Yugoslavia-Korea Friendship Kragujevac Commune delegation	10.10 - 10.17
	Director of Secretariat of Standing Committee of Central Committee of the League of Communists	12.11 - 12.22
Finland	A writer and his wife	4.10 - 4.25
	Finland-Korea friendship and solidarity delegation	8.14 - 8.26
	People's Democratic League delegation	9.6 - 9.14
	President's special envoy	9.5 - 9.16
	Chairman of Finland-Korea Association	10.9 - 10.24
Sweden	A writer and his wife	5.8 - 5.30
	Sweden-Korea Friendship Association delegation	6.5 - 6.20
	Special government envoy	9. -
	A journalist	10.9 - 10.24
Norway	Chairman of Norway-Korea Friendship Association	5.25 - 6.10
	Special government envoy	9.5 - 9.12
Denmark	Denmark-DPRK Friendship Association chairman and wife	5.18 - 6.1
	Special government envoy	9.7 - 9.13

(Continued on next page)

## Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
West Germany	Delegation of the Communist Party of Germany	9.7 - 9.11
Austria	Government delegation	9.7 - 9.12
Greece	Panhellenic Socialist Movement delegation	9.7 - 9.14
Switzerland	Vice Chairman of Geneva Committee for Supporting Korea's Reunification	8.8 - 8.12
	Special government envoy of Swiss Confederation	9.7 - 9.12
	Workers Party delegation	9.7 - 9.14
	Delegation of Independent Socialist Party of Switzerland and Progressive Organization of Switzerland	9.7 - 9.14
Italy	Agricultural specialists delegation	6.12 - 6.24
	General Secretary of Italian Research Center for International Relations	8.7 - 9.12
	Socialist Party delegation	9.7 - 9.13
	Communist Party delegation	9.7 - 9.14
Malta	Labor Party delegation	9.6 - 9.13
	Party and government delegation	12.1 - 12.5
Britain	ANZ Bank president [R.C. Wheeler-Bennett, General Manager of the Australia and New Zealand Banking Group, Ltd.]	11.13 - 11.17

(Continued on next page)

Delegations (ctd)

Country	Name of Delegation	Date
Belgium	Communist Party delegation	9.7 - 9.19
France	Socialist Party delegation	9.7 - 9.12
	Delegation of the Progressive Gaullists' Union of France	9.7 - 9.12
	Communist Party delegation	9.7 - 9.16
	Socialist Party's First Secretary Mitterrand and family	9. -
Spain	Communist Party delegation	9.7 - 9.11
	Socialist Workers Party delegation	9.7 - 9.14
	Workers Party delegation	9.7 - 9.14
Portugal	Delegation of Portuguese Committee for Supporting Korea's Independent and Peaceful Reunification	10.25 - 11.1

International Organization Delegation	Date
International Organization of Journalists delegate	5.22 - 5.30
International Table Tennis Federation Chairman and Secretary General	5.30 - 6.6
Acting Agent of the Far East and Pacific Regional Office of International Civil Aviation Organization	6.3. - 6.10
Delegation of International Liaison Committee for Korea's Independent and Peaceful Reunification	6.12 - 6.20
International Table Tennis Federation Vice Chairman and party Secretary General of International Liaison Committee for Korea's Independent and Peaceful Reunification	6.13 - 6.20 6. -

International Delegation (ctd)

International Organization Delegation	Date
International Union of Students delegation	7.3. - 7.9
Delegation of the Secretariat of the International Center for the Study of the Chuche Ideology	7.4 - 7.18
United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization Asia and Far East Regional Agent and party	9.26 - 10.3
Director of Bureau of Planning Coordination of the Southeast Asia Regional Office of World Health Organization	9.30 - 10.7
Delegation of International Public Employees [Trade Unions International of Public and Allied Employees]	11. -
Secretary General of International Table Tennis Federation	11.14 - 11.18
Delegation of Latin America Center for the Study of the Chuche Ideology	12.4 - 12.26

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# CHRONOLOGY OF MAJOR INTERNAL EVENTS (JANUARY-DECEMBER 1978)

Pyongyang CHOSON CHUNGANG YONGAM in Korean 1979 pp 651-655

[Text] January

The 3d: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Loyally Upholding the New Year's Message of the Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il-song, Let Us Make the First Year of the New Prospective Plan Shine With a Great Victory."

The 5th: A scientific symposium is held at the Palace of the People's Culture by the press and publications branch in commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the inaugural issue of the newspaper SAENAL founded and led by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

--Transportation soldiers in all areas, continuing to dynamically stoke the fire of the transportation revolution and vowing to satisfactorily fill the transportation needs for the first year of the Second Seven-Year Plan, embark on "200-day battle of the transportation revolution."

The 7th: A Pyongyang city mass meeting is held at the Chollima Hall of Culture in honor of the Week for International Solidarity with the Peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America.

The 12th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "What Must We Do This Year and How Must We Work?"

The 14th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "'Let Us Display Even Higher the Revolutionary Spirit of Self-Reliance!' This is the Revolutionary Slogan of Our Party for the Fulfillment of the New Prospective Plan."

The 15th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 50th anniversary of the inaugural issue of the newspaper SAENAL founded by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

The 20th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let All Administrative Organ Functionaries Become the Genuine, Faithful Servants of the People."

--The National Agricultural Workers Art Groups Festival in progress from the end of 1977 comes to a close.



The 23d: The educational branch holds a scientific symposium for the study of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's immortal classical work "Let Us Further Strengthen the People's Administration" followed by similar symposia by the social science, party cadre training, and press and publications branches.

The 24th: The February 8 Factory, Huich'on Machine Tool Works, and March 25 Factory producing, over and above their plans, extra 500 each of fuel pumps, gear pumps, and distributors, and 4,000 pistons for "Chollima" model tractors together with rings for 2,000 tractors, 2,000 pistons for "sungni" model trucks together with rings for 2,000 trucks, 100 fodder compactors, and 20,000 bearings, present them as gifts to the National Agricultural Congress.

The 25th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "How Shall We Develop State-Operated Industries and How Shall We Operate Enterprises?"

--Workers, technicians, office workers and three revolutions teams members of Pyongyang Rubber Factory, February 8 Vinalon Complex, Hamhung Tractor Parts Factory, and Hamhung Tire Factory, and students of 10 higher middle schools in Samjiyon County present various kinds of rubber products for agricultural production and agricultural machinery, vinyl chloride, various kinds of agricultural machinery parts, small farm implements, and farming materials as gifts to the great leader and the National Agricultural Congress.

--A report meeting is held in Pyongyang in commemoration of the fifth anniversary of the founding of the Art Propaganda Unit.

The 26th: Workers, technicians, office workers, and three revolutions teams members of the Haech'on District Coal Complex, Sunch'on District Coal Complex, Kim Ch'aek Iron Works, Youth Chemical Complex, Aoji Chemical Plant, and Myonggan Chemical Plant present steels, coal, chemical fertilizer, and agricultural machinery parts, which will be very useful in the comprehensive mechanization and chemicalization of the rural economy, as gifts to the great leader and the National Agricultural Congress.

--The Consultative Council in the North for Promotion of Peaceful Unification, on the occasion of the first anniversary of the appeal adopted by a united conference of all political parties and social organizations held in Pyongyang in January 1977 under its auspices for the patriotic forces of the North and South to unite, prevent permanent division of the nation, and achieve fatherland reunification, sends a letter addressed to all parties, cliques, and personalities of all strata of South Korea.

The 27th: Workers, technicians, office workers, and three revolutions teams members of Hwanghae Iron Complex, Songjin Steel Mill, Kangson Steel Complex, Namp'o Glass Factory, Nakwon Machine Works, October 30 Factory, Ch'ongsu Chemical Plant, Kujang District Coal Complex, Korea-Cuba Friendship Pyongyang Textile Machine Works, Pyongyang Plastic Building Materials Factory, Pyongyang Daily Necessities Factory, Man'gyongdae Disabled Veterans Factory, Pyongyang Light Bulb Factory, October 5 Electrical Factory, Sangwon Electrical Factory, March 26 Factory, Yonsa Forestry Station, Sinyang Forestry Station, and June 4 Rolling Stock Works present

as gifts to the National Agricultural Congress farming materials they have produced over and above their plans.

The 30th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "For Further Developing the Light Industry."

--The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let One and All Be Mobilized in the Struggle To Carry Through the Teachings of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song at the National Agricultural Congress."

The 31st: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Further Deepen and Develop the Movement To Win the Red Flag of Three Revolutions."

#### February

The 1st: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Loyally Upholding the Militant Appeal of the Party, Let Us Mount an All-Out March Toward the High Summit of the New Prospective Plan."

--The DPRK Government releases a memorandum denouncing the plot of internal and external splittists to create "two Koreas" aimed at perpetuating the division of Korea.

The 3d: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial: "Let Us Further Enhance the Sense of Responsibility and Role of Guidance Functionaries."

The 4th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "The Brilliant Victory Won in the First Battle of the All-Out March."

The 11th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Work and Live, Going in Deep Among the Masses in Accordance With the Demands of the Ch'ongsan-ri Method."

The 13th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Make the Flames of 'The Household Movement for Mechanization' Sweep the Whole Country."

The 15th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Party Organizations Energetically Push Economic Work."

The 16th: Ceremony is held for the inaugural service of a school train between Yugok Station and Yup'yong-tong Station provided by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song for 110 school children attending schools in remote mountain villages such as Sinyup'yong and Onje in Paekam County, Yanggang Province.

--The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Move Forward Dynamically in the Revolutionary Spirit of Paektu, in the Revolutionary Spirit of Chollima, in the Revolutionary Spirit of Speed Battle."

--All provincial, city, and county party committees hold expanded plenary meetings with a view to thoroughly carrying through the tasks laid down by the Party Central Committee in its letter addressed to all party members.

--Three revolutions teams members dispatched to South Hwanghae Province and the workers and technicians of Haeju Cement Plant complete in a period of slightly more than 6 months a 1,120 meter-long large-size long-distance conveyor belt construction project connecting Haeju Cement Plant with Haeje Harbor.

The 18th: The Agricultural Workers Union Central Committee holds its 12th plenary meeting in Pyongyang.

The 19th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Spiritedly Launch Economic Agitation at Every Jobsite."

The 20th: A national meeting of trade union propaganda functionaries is held in Pyongyang (until the 21st).

The 23d: Pyongyang Acrobatic Troupe returns home after touring Yugoslavia, France, and Belgium.

The 24th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Party Members Become Vanguard Fighters of the All-Out March Movement."

The 26th: Scientists, resolving to go to the major targets of the people's economy and help them in terms of science and technology in loyal response to the letter of the party Central Committee and forming "February 17 Scientist Shock Brigade," hold a meeting of oath of loyalty in Pyongyang on the eve of departure for field work.

The 27th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let All Party Functionaries Acquire Economic Knowledge and Technology."

--Provinces, cities, and counties hold people's assembly meetings at all levels with a view to thoroughly carrying through the tasks laid down in the historic speech made by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song at the first meeting of the Sixth Supreme People's Assembly and in the letter of the party Central Committee.

The 28th: Pyongyang city report meeting is held at the Moranbong Theater in commemoration of the 59th anniversary of the Sam Il Popular Uprising.

--The SWYL Central Committee holds its 17th plenary meeting at the Palace of the People's Culture (until 1 March).

March

The 4th: The Women's Union Central Committee holds its ninth plenary meeting in Pyongyang (until the 5th).

The 6th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's historic work "For Successfully Fulfilling the First Five-Year Plan."

--A National Film Distribution Functionaries Congress is held at the Palace of the People's Culture.

The 9th: A central report meeting in commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the information of the Peasants Union personally organized and led by the great leader is held impressively at the Palace of the People's Culture.

--On the occasion of the 45th anniversary of the historic Wangjaesan Conference which the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, advancing into the Onsong district, convened, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs holds a film showing and small banquet at the Palace of the People's Culture.

--A meeting is held at the Pyongyang Railway Station for the inaugural run of the "Children's Team" train provided by members of the Juvenile Corps with infinite loyalty to the great leader.

The 10th: The Second National Youth and Juvenile Festival of Loyalty gets underway in unison nationwide.

The 11th: A central report meeting is held at the February 8 Hall of Culture in commemoration of the 45th anniversary of the Wangjaesan Conference personally organized and led by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

--The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 45th anniversary of publication of the great leader's classical work "For Expanding and Developing Armed Struggle Into the Homeland."

The 13th: A scientific symposium is held at the Chollima Hall of Culture in commemoration of the fifth anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "Let Us More Energetically Step Up the Ideological Revolution, Technological Revolution, and Cultural Revolution."

The 16th: A central lecture and report meeting is held at the February 8 Hall of Culture in commemoration of the 55th anniversary of "One Thousand Li of Learning" personally walked by the great leader.

--Our country's weight lifting champion Han Kyong-si sets a new world record at the International Weight Lifting Competition by lifting 109.5 kg in snatch for the 52 kg class.

The 17th: A national conference of urban management activists is held at the Palace of the People's Culture (until the 19th).

The 18th: Film artists hold in Pyongyang a meeting of protest against the plot to produce the anticommunist war picture "Inch'on."

The 27th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 45th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "On a Few Tasks Aimed at Improving and Strengthening Communist Youth League Work" before the meeting at Wangching of Communist Youth League functionaries.

The 28th: The NODONG SINMUN carries its editorial bureau's commentary "The Wolfish Nature of Imperialism Cannot Change."



The 29th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of publication of "The Summing-Up Report on the Work of the Central Committee to the Second Congress of the North Korean Workers Party," a classical work of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

April

The 3d: Three revolutions team members, workers, and technicians of the Kim Chong-T'ae Electric Locomotive Works produce the "Chuche" model chisang chondongch'a [surface electric car], a new type.

The 5th: The NODONG SINMUN reports that all branches of the people's economy have fulfilled 116 percent of the first quarter plan.

--On the occasion of Ch'ongmyong [the fifth of the 24 seasonal divisions, about 5 or 6 April] the Ministry of People's Armed Forces, local party and administrative organs place wreaths before the graves of the late fighters of the Chinese People's Volunteer Army in Hoech'ang County, South P'yongan Province.

The 9th: Scientists hold a symposium in Pyongyang (until the 12th) with a view to carrying through the guidelines enunciated by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song for chucheization, modernization, and scientization of the people's economy.

The 10th: A central scientific symposium is held at the Mansudae Assembly Hall, Pyongyang, in commemoration of the 20th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's immortal classical work "For Carrying Through the Judicial Policy of Our Party."

--Movie theaters and cultural halls begin a 10-day film showing in unison nationwide (until the 20th).

The 11th: A central report meeting is held at the Mansudae Assembly Hall, Pyongyang, in commemoration of the 20th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's immortal classical work "For Carrying Through the Judicial Policy of Our Party."

The 12th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Bring About Innovations in the Commercial Sector Along the Road Illuminated by the Great Leader comrade Kim Il-song."

The 13th: A central photo exhibition opens at the Palace of the People's Culture.

The 15th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Forever Invincible Will Be Our People Who Fight Revolution, Loyally Attending the Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il-song as the Great Leader."

--Symposia by the branches are held in Pyongyang for the study of the great leader's revolutionary thought.

--A national congress of Korean Juvenile Corps organizations is held impressively at Man'gyongdae, a historical site.

The 18th: A Pyongyang city report meeting is held at the Moranbong Theater in commemoration of the 18th anniversary of the April Uprising of the South Korean people.

The 23d: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Go on To Thoroughly Embody the Socialist Labor Law."

--A seminar is held at the Moranbong Theater in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the historic united conference of representatives of all political parties and social organizations of North and South Korea.

The 24th: A Pyongyang city mass rally is held on the Kim Il-song Plaza in support of the chuche-oriented Socialist Labor Law of our country provided by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

--A Pyongyang city report meeting is held at the Palace of the People's Culture in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the united conference of representatives of all political parties and social organizations of North and South Korea which was personally initiated, organized, and led by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

--On the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the historic united conference of representatives of all political parties and social organizations of North and South Korea the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland releases a letter of appeal addressed to all political parties and social organizations of South Korea and organizations of overseas compatriots.

The 25th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Invincible Is the Korean People's Army Founded and Still Being Led by the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song."

--A central report meeting is held at the February 8 Hall of Culture in commemoration of the 46th anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army.

The 30th: A report meeting is held at the Moranbong Theater in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the inaugural issue of the KYOWON SINMUN [Teachers New].

May

The 3d: A South Korean student studying in France comes over to the fold of our republic in a laudable move.

The 10th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 45th anniversary of publication of the great leader comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "Let Us Liquidate Factionalism and Strengthen the Unity and Solidarity of the Revolutionary Ranks."

The 11th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Korea-China Friendship Will Be Forever Imperishable."

The 13th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Functionaries Go in Deep Among the Working Class, Commendably Guide and Help Factory Work."

The 16th: A mass rally supporting the struggle of the Palestinian people is held at the Chollima Hall of Culture.

The 19th: The South Korean puppet gang shells and sinks a peaceful fishing vessel in distress of the northern half of the republic, and kidnaps the fishermen.

The 20th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Functionaries Familiarize Themselves With Their Work."

The 24th: A Yanggang Province report meeting in commemoration of the 39th anniversary of victory in the Musan district battle is held at the Yanggang Province Arts Theater.

The 31st: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Perform the Feat of a Victor in the '100-Day Battle' To Glorify the 30th Anniversary of the Founding of the Republic."

--Pyongyang city kindergarten children stage arts performance at Pyongyang Student and Juvenile Palace Theater in commemoration of the second anniversary of the implementation of the Law for Rearing and Indoctrinating Preschool Children and of the 28th anniversary of the 1 June International Day of the Child.

#### June

The 1st: The NODONG SINMUN reports on the nationwide completion of rice transplanting and corn planting.

--Pyongyang city kindergarten children's athletic competition is held at the Taesongsan Recreation Center in commemoration of the second anniversary of the implementation of the Law for Rearing and Indoctrinating Preschool Children and of the 28th anniversary of the 1 June International Children's Day.

--Rallies are held at various places to greet the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic with high political fervor and brilliant labor achievements, energetically launching the "100-day battle."

The 2d: A report meeting of Pyongyang city youth and students is held at the Pyongyang Student and Juvenile Palace Theater in commemoration of the 14th anniversary of the 3 June uprising of the South Korean youth and students.

The 4th: A Yanggang Province report meeting is held in Poch'on-up in commemoration of the 41st anniversary of victory in the Poch'onbo battle.

The 5th: A Pyongyang city mass meeting is held at the Moranbong Theater, denouncing the piratical act of the South Korean puppets against our fishing vessel.

The 7th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's immortal classical work "On Expanding the Production of Mass Consumption Goods and Improving Commodity Circulation Work."

--The South Korean student who came over to the northern half of the republic in a laudable move while studying in France, meets domestic and foreign journalists at the Palace of the People's Culture.

The 13th: Our fishermen who were forcibly kidnaped by South Korean puppets on 19 May, return to the fold of the republic.

--a South Korean army officer comes over to the northern half of the republic in a laudable move.

--The erstwhile South Korean army officer who came over to the northern half of the republic in a laudable move, meets domestic and foreign journalists at the Palace of the People's Culture.

The 15th: The fishermen who have returned to the fold of the republic meet domestic and foreign journalists at the Palace of the People's Culture.

The 17th: The Pyongyang Student and Juvenile Arts Troupe returns to Pyongyang after visiting Japan.

The 18th: The party members and working people within Namp'o city hold a rally of loyalty at Namp'o Stadium, vowing to turn Namp'o city into an even more modern, cultured port city.

The 19th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Guidance Functionaries Always Lead by Personal Example."

The 22d: A Pyongyang city report meeting is held at the Palace of the People's Culture in commemoration of the fifth anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's immortal classical work "Let Us Prevent Division of the Nation and Reunify the Fatherland."

The 23d: On the occasion of "June 25 Anti-U.S. Imperialist Struggle Day," rallies of oath of revenge are held in front of the Ijon Explosive Warehouse, Sinch'on, by the working class and trade union members, and by the youth, juveniles, and students on the following day.

The 24th: On the eve of "June 25 Anti-U.S. Imperialist Struggle Day" mass meetings and demonstrations are held in the cities of Pyongyang, Hamhung, and Haeju.

The 25th: On this "June 25 Anti-U.S. Imperialist Struggle Day" a mass meeting and demonstration is held by Pyongyang city working people on the Kim Il-song Plaza. Similar events are also held in the cities of Ch'ongjin, Kaesong, Sariwon, and Kanggye.

The 26th: "June 25 Anti-U.S. Imperialist Struggle Day" mass meetings and demonstrations are held this day and the 27th in the cities of Huesan, Sinuiju, and Wonsan.

The 27th: South Korean puppets shell and sink a peaceful fishing vessel of our side which mistook its course while fishing in the West Sea [the Yellow Sea] and kidnap six fishermen on board the vessel.

July

The 1st: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 48th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "Path of the Korean Revolution."



The 3d: Four of our peaceful fishermen who were kidnaped by the South Korean puppets return to the fold of the republic.

The 6th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let the Banner of Self-Reliance Fly High at Every Battleground."

--The fishing workers who have returned to the fold of the republic after being kidnaped by the South Korean puppets meet domestic and foreign journalists at the Palace of the People's Culture.

The 7th: Rallies of oath of loyalty are held by the party members and working people within Ch'ongjin City, Tanch'on County, Hoeryong County, and Onsong County to carry through the teachings given by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song while conducting his on-the-spot guidance in South Hamgyong Province, North Hamgyong Province, and Ch'ongjin City.

The 10th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Further Enhance the Combat Strength of Party Cells."

--A meeting is held at the Chollima Hall of Culture in commemoration of the 57th anniversary of victory of the Mongolian people's revolution.

The 18th: At the Kim Hyong-chik Teachers College is held a friendship meeting on the occasion of the 34th anniversary of the rebirth of Poland. At the Nakwon Movie Theater are also held a photo exhibition and film showing.

The 25th: On the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the Cuban people's July 26 armed uprising a Pyongyang city commemorative meeting is held at the Palace of the People's Culture.

The 27th: An oratorical meeting of Pyongyang city youth and students is held at the Moranbong Youth Park Amphitheater in commemoration of the 25th anniversary of the great victory of the Fatherland Liberation War.

The 30th: At the international friendship junior women's volleyball competition among socialist countries our country's team No 1 wins the glory of the first place.

#### August

The 1st: A report meeting is held at the February 8 Hall of Culture in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the establishment of the Museum of the Korean Revolution.

The 5th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "Everything for the Sake of the Postwar Rehabilitation and Development of the People's Economy."

--The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "The Historic Conference That Maintained Independent Stand and Attitude and Defended Unity"

The 7th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Functionaries Highly Display Their Sense of Responsibility and Initiative in Carrying Out Revolutionary Tasks."

The 8th: The NODONG SINMUN reports that the railway transportation branch, having brilliantly fulfilled 103.4 percent of the freight transportation plan during the "200-day battle of the transportation revolution," is continuing to achieve innovations.

The 9th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the fifth anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's historic work "Let Us Bring About a Fresh Upsurge in Agricultural Production."

The 10th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 38th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "On Getting Prepared To Greet the Great Event of Fatherland Restoration."

The 17th: A monumental structure for the ages, the "Ch'ongch'on Bridge," is completed and opened to traffic.

The 20th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the first anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's historic work "On Developing the Machine Industry Onto a Higher Stage."

--In celebration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic, a national opera, music, and dance festival is held in Pyongyang (until 1 September).

The 22d: A Pyongyang city meeting is held at the Chollima Hall of Culture in commemoration of the 34th anniversary of liberation of Romania.

The 23d: Namp'o Shipyard launches the YONP'UNG, a cargo vessel of the 20,000-ton class.

The 25th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Study Is the Duty of the Revolutionary."

The 30th: On the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic, scientific symposia by the branches are held to deeply study the great leader's revolutionary thought.

The 31st: A report meeting in commemoration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Kang Pan-sok Revolutionary Institute is held at the institute.

--A Pyongyang city meeting is held at the Moranbong Theater in commemoration of the 33d anniversary of National Day of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

--A Sinuiju city mass meeting is held at the North P'yongan Province Arts Theater in commemoration of the 34th anniversary of victory of the socialist revolution in Bulgaria.

#### September

The 1st: A film showing month in celebration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic gets underway nationwide.

The 4th: A central seminar in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic is held at the Palace of the People's Culture.

The 5th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Continuing To Thoroughly Carry Through the Great Educational Theses, Let Us Register a Ceaseless Advance in Education Work."

--The Ponghwa Chemical Plant First Phase Project is completed.

--A central photo exhibition in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic opens at the Palace of the People's Culture.

--A national college and university student oratorical meeting in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic is held at the Pyongyang Student and Juvenile Palace Theater.

The 6th: Electrification of the Paektu Mountain Youth Line (Kilchu-Huesan) is completed and the line goes into operation.

--A state art exhibition in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic opens in Pyongyang.

The 7th: A meeting is held at the Ponghwa Chemical Plant to receive a letter of congratulations from the respected and beloved leader and begin plant operation.

--On the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic lecture meetings are held widely at various places throughout the country.

The 10th: A gigantic mass game "Chuche Korea" is held at the Moranbong Stadium in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic.

--Foreign delegations and delegates who have participated in the celebration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic enjoy, together with Pyongyang city working people, outdoor arts performances at various places in Pyongyang.

--Pyongyang city working people's evening parties in celebration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic are held on the Kim Il-song Plaza as well as on the plazas in front of Pyongyang Gymnasium and of the February 8 Hall of Culture.

The 13th: The NODONG SINMUN carries articles on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "Platform of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea" and also on the 30th anniversary of publication of his work "Let Us Move Forward, One and All Solidly United Around the Government of the Republic, Toward the Founding of a Democratic Korea."

The 16th: Rallies to support and thoroughly carry through the historic report of the great leader to the central meeting celebrating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic get underway at factories, enterprises, farms, and organs at various places.

The 17th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's immortal classical work "Opposing Passivity and Conservatism in Socialist Construction."

The 18th: A seminar is held at the Chollima Hall of Culture in commemoration of the first anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's immortal classical work "Theses on Socialist Education."

--The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Commendably Observing Labor Discipline Is the Glorious Duty of Socialist Working People."

The 19th: The Korean General Federation of Trade Unions Central Committee holds its 15th plenary meeting (until the 20th).

The 20th: The Mansudae Arts Troupe leaves Pyongyang on its visit to German Democratic Republic, Poland, Czechoslovakia, and Hungary.

The 24th: Our champion Yi Ho-chun, People's Sportsman, wins the glory of the first place in air rifle marksmanship in the 13th Friendship Army Shooting Championships.

The 28th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Deeply Study the Programmatic Report of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song."

The 30th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "A Prideful Meeting That Demonstrates the Great Victory of the Chuche-Oriented Education Policy of Our Party."

#### October

The 1st: Factories, enterprises, and organs at various places, manufacturing various kinds of educational experimental and testing equipment and supplies, teaching tools and fixtures, and teaching aids, present them as gifts to the national educational functionaries congress.

The 2d: Our country's Meritorious Sportsmen, Ko Ch'un-son and Ch'oe Ch'ang-sop, win the glory of the first and second places respectively in the International Marathon.

The 3d: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 10th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's historic work "Let Us Strengthen the Training of Technical Personnel To Suit the New Demands of Socialist Construction."

--The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Energetically Launching the Three Revolutions, Let Us Go on To Brilliantly Realize Conversion of the Whole Society to the Chuche Ideology."

The 4th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Loyalty Upholding the Programmatic Speech of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song, Let Us More Thoroughly Carry Through the Educational Theses."

The 6th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Further Strengthen Chuche Ideology Indoctrination Among Party Members and Working People."

The 9th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Strengthen Socialist Patriotism Indoctrination."

The 10th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Go on To Brilliantly Attain the Socialist, Communist Cause, Following the Glorious Party Banner."

--On the occasion of the 33d anniversary of the meaningful day when the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song left the Man'gyondae crossroads, Pyongyang city working class and trade union members hold a rally of oath of loyalty.

The 12th: A central seminar on the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "Let Us Step Up Socialist Construction Under the Banner of Chuche Thought" was held at the Mansudae Assembly Hall, followed by seminars by the branches.

The 16th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Go on To Brilliantly Realize the Intellectualization of the Whole Society."

The 18th: Wonsan city working people hold a rally to thoroughly carry through the on-the-spot teachings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song in Kangwon Province.

The 19th: A seminar on full-length novel "On the Foothills of Paektu Mountain" in the library of "An Immortal History" is held at the State Drama Theater.

The 22d: The SWYL Central Committee holds its 18th plenary meeting (until the 23d).

The 24th: The Fifth People's Athletic Meet opens (to end on the 29th).

The 26th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Thoroughly Carry Through the New Fishery Guidance System Provided by the Great Leader."

The 31st: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 10th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "On Strengthening the Fiscal Functions and Role in Socialist Construction."

#### November

The 1st: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Continue To Thoroughly Arm Party Members and Working People With Revolutionary Spirit."

The 6th: A Pyongyang city meeting in commemoration of the 61st anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution is held at the Palace of the People's Culture.

The 8th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Thoroughly Establish the Anti-Japanese Guerrillas Work Habit."



--Haeju city working people hold a rally to thoroughly carry through the on-the-spot teachings of the great leader in South Hwanghae Province.

The 9th: A solidarity meeting in support of the Zambian people's struggle is held at the Chollima Hall of Culture.

The 13th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's immortal classical work "Ideological Work for the Youth Is the Basic Duty of Democratic Youth League Organizations."

The 16th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 10th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's historic work "On Dissolving the Strains on Communications and Transportation."

--The Mansudae Arts Troupe returns after visiting German Democratic Republic, Poland, Czechoslovakia, and Hungary.

The 18th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Continue To Develop the Three Revolutions Teams Movement."

The 19th: The Kim Il-song University holds a rally of condemnation denouncing the fascist suppression of the South Korean puppet gang against the South Korean youth and students, followed by other universities and colleges throughout the nation.

The 20th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of publication of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song's historic work "On Communist Indoctrination."

The 21st: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Functionaries Push Ahead With All Tasks With Perseverance."

--A photo exhibition and film showing are held at the Chollima Hall of Culture on the occasion of the 60th anniversary of the Hungarian Communist Party.

The 23d: Ch'ongjin Shipyard launches the TUMAN-KANG, a cargo vessel of the 14,000-ton class.

The 26th: The Agricultural Workers Union Central Committee holds its 13th plenary meeting (until the 27th).

The 27th: The NODONG SINMUN reports on the expanded plenary meetings being held by all provincial, city, and county party committees to thoroughly carry through the tasks laid down by the great leader at the central meeting celebrating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic.

The 29th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's classical work "On Amending the Banking Work System."

--A meeting is held at the Chollima Hall of Culture in commemoration of the 60th anniversary of the formation of Romania as a single nation-state.

The 30th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Functionaries Display Even Higher Their Party Spirit, Working Class Character, and People-Mindedness."

December

The 1st: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Loyalty Upholding the Militant Appeal of the Party, Let Us Give Fresh Impetus to the All-Out March Movement."

The 2d: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "An Energetic Demonstration of International Solidarity With the Korean People's Cause for Fatherland Reunification."

The 4th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Strengthen Ideological Indoctrination Work Aimed at Revolutionizing, Working Classizing the Peasantry."

--A meeting is held in Namp'o city on the occasion of the 35th anniversary of Republic Day, a national holiday of the people of Yugoslavia.

The 10th: To support and carry through the decision of the 17th plenary meeting of the 5th party Central Committee, a Pyongyang city mass meeting is held on the Kim Il-song Plaza, followed by similar meetings at various places.

--Electrification of the railway section between the Taedong River and Sinsongch'on is completed and put into service.

The 11th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's historic work "Let Us Become Admirable Functionaries of the Country, Carrying Forward the Will of the Late Revolutionary Fighters."

The 12th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Administrative Economic Functionaries Firmly Establish the Ethos of Working by the Political Work Method."

The 14th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Functionaries More Substantively Plan and Coordinate Economic Organizational Work."

The 15th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Further Enhance the Functions and Role of People's Administration Organs in the Fulfillment of the New Prospective Plan."

--A photo exhibition and film showing are held at the Chollima Hall of Culture on the occasion of the 60th anniversary of the founding of the Polish Communist Party and of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Polish United Workers Party.

The 16th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the third anniversary of publication of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's historic work "The Nonaligned Movement Is a Mighty Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Force of our Era."

The 18th: The Women's Union Central Committee holds its 10th plenary meeting (until the 20th).

The 19th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Us Perform All Tasks Faithfully."

The 21st: The NODONG SINMUN carries an editorial "Let Guidance Functionaries Mount Aggressive Battle With Firm Determination."

--A photo exhibition and film showing are held at the Chollima Hall of Culture on the occasion of the third anniversary of the founding of Lao People's Democratic Republic.

The 22d: Our country's team returns after scoring a great success in the Eighth Asian Games.

The 25th: The NODONG SINMUN carries an article on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's historic speech "For Improving the Quality of Construction."

The 27th: The GFTU Central Committee holds its 16th plenary meeting (until the 28th).

The 29th: The State Pyongyang Acrobatic Troupe returns from a visit to Burma.

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CHRONOLOGY OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES OF GAKRJ, COMPATRIOTS IN JAPAN (JANUARY-DECEMBER 1978)

Pyongyang CHOSON CHUNGANG YONGAM in Korean 1979 pp 658-661

[Text] January

The 1st: Chairman Han Tok-su of the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee send a letter of greetings for the New Year 1978 to the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song.

--GAKRJ functionaries hold a New Year's meeting of loyalty for the New Year 1978.

The 6th: The GAKRJ Ota chapter, Ikegami, Tokyo city, and all other chapters throughout Japan hold meetings to convey the precious gifts sent by the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il-song to all GAKRJ chapters for the New Year 1978.

The 7th: In connection with the 67th educational grants in aid and scholarships remitted by the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il-song for the children of compatriots in Japan, the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee respectfully sends a telegram of thanks to the leader.

The 8th: A central activists meeting is held to perform still better the GAKRJ 1978 tasks, loyally upholding the great leader's teachings for the New Year.

The 11th: Korean educational functionaries, scientists, and students in Japan hold a meeting to thank the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il-song for his magnanimous concern expressed in the 67th educational grants in aid and scholarships.

The 20th: The newly established Saga Korean Credit Union begins business operation.

The 21st: The second united action gets underway to increase the number of students.

--As the 11th Korean Youth League Congress approaches, Korean Youth League organizations throughout Japan launch "70-day movement for expanding and steeling the ranks" (until 31 March).

February

The 16th: GAKRJ's Korean Recording Company is newly established.

The 27th: A meeting of friendly talks on the Korean issue is held in Tokyo, sponsored by the CHOSON SINGO, for GAKRJ functionaries and personalities of various circles of Japan.

The 28th: A meeting is held to convey the Associate Professor Diplomas of the Republic conferred on the Korean University (in Japan) faculty members.

March

The 1st: The GAKRJ Central Standing Committee releases a letter of appeal addressed to all the compatriots in Japan on the occasion of the 59th anniversary of the Sam Il Popular Uprising.

The 3d: A central meeting of Koreans in Japan is held in Tokyo opposing the military exercise racket of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang and their plot to provoke another war.

--The GAKRJ Central Standing Committee releases a statement denouncing the "ROK-U.S. Joint Operations Training" of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang.

The 5th: The first semester of adult schools and youth schools gets underway in unison throughout Japan.

The 19th: The Korean University (in Japan) holds its 20th commencement exercises.

The 21st: GAKRJ educational functionaries hold a meeting (until the 22d) at the Korean University (in Japan) to correctly teach and further develop our spoken and written language.

The 24th: Fushimi Branch of Kyoto Korean Credit Union is newly established.

The 27th: A new building is constructed for the Tsuruhashi branch office of Choun [Bank of North Korea] Osaka Credit Union.

The 29th: The 180th repatriation ship MAN'GYONGBONG arrives at the port of Niigata.

--Korean writers and artists in Japan hold a meeting opposing the plot to produce "Inch'on," an anticommunist war film.

The 31st: The 180th repatriation ship MAN'GYONGBONG sails from the port of Niigata for the fatherland.

April

The 2d: A meeting is held in Tokyo to convey the "Kim Il-song Youth Prizes" conferred on model Korean Youth League functionaries and Korean University graduates.

--The Korean Youth League in Japan holds its 11th Congress (until the 3d).

The 10th: The GAKRJ Central Standing Committee gives a banquet in honor of the delegates who participated in the inaugural meeting of the International Institute of the Chuche Ideology.

--The Korean University (in Japan) holds an admission ceremony for the 1978-1979 school year.

The 11th: Central representatives of the GAKRJ request the Japanese Ministry of Justice for reentry visas for the delegates of compatriots in Japan who are scheduled to attend the meeting of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Republic

The 12th: A central meeting of Koreans in Japan is held at the Korean Hall of Culture in Tokyo welcoming the SWYL delegation of the republic.

The 13th: A GAKRJ cadre lecture meeting is held at the Korean Hall in Japan in honor of the 66th birthday of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song.

The 15th: On the occasion of the 66th birthday of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee respectfully sends a letter of congratulations to the respected and beloved leader.

--A central meeting of Koreans in Japan is held at the Korean Hall of Culture in Tokyo celebrating the 66th birthday of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song.

--On the occasion of the 66th birthday of the great leader the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee gives a banquet in honor of the birthday.

The 17th: In connection with the refusal of the Japanese authorities to grant reentry visas for the deputies of Korean citizens in Japan who are scheduled to attend the SPA meeting of the republic.

The 19th: In connection with the 68th educational grants in aid and scholarships remitted by the respected and beloved leader for the children of compatriots in Japan, the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee respectfully sends a telegram of thanks to the leader.

--A central meeting of the Korean youth and students in Japan is held in Tokyo in commemoration of the 18th anniversary of the April 19 Popular Uprising.

The 20th: Korean educational functionaries, scientists, and students in Japan hold a meeting to thank the great leader for his magnanimous concern expressed in the 68th educational grants in aid and scholarships.

--Representatives of the GAKRJ Central Standing committee lodge a strong demand with the Japanese authorities that the permit for the establishment of a puppet consulate general in Niigata be rescinded.

The 24th: A central meeting of Koreans in Japan is held in Osaka in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the April 24 educational struggle of the Korean citizenry in Japan.

## May

The 5th: A central meeting of Koreans in Japan is held at the Korean Hall of Culture in Tokyo welcoming the Pyongyang Student and Juvenile Arts Troupe.

The 8th: A new building is constructed for the main office of Nagano Korean Credit Union.

The 8th: Central representatives of the GAKRJ lodge a strong demand with the Japanese authorities that the renunciation of Japanese citizenship by the children of Korean citizens in Japan be acknowledged.

The 13th: The GAKRJ Central Standing Committee issues a statement denouncing the criminal "election" games of the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang.

The 15th: A meeting of the Korean youth and students in Japan is held at the Hall of Education in Tokyo supporting the struggle of the South Korean youth and students against the fascist fraudulent "election" games of the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang and for democratization of the society and reunification of the fatherland.

The 19th: A central meeting of the Korean youth and students in Japan is held in Tokyo in commemoration of the first anniversary of the 20 May 1977 teachings of the respected and beloved leader.

The 25th: A central meeting is held in Tokyo in commemoration of the 23d anniversary of the formation of the GAKRJ.

The 27th: A meeting is held to convey the title of Meritorious Teachers of the Republic and medals conferred on Korean teachers in Japan.

## June

The 14th: In connection with the Japanese Government authorities having steam-rolled a criminal "Bill on Special Measures for Japan-ROK Continental Shelf Agreement" through the House of Councilors at a plenary session, Vice Chairman of the GAKRJ Central [Committee] issues a statement.

The 17th: A meeting is held in Tokyo in commemoration of the 10th anniversary of the license for the Korean University (in Japan).

The 19th: A meeting is held celebrating the completion of construction of the main office building of Fukuoka Korean Credit Union.

The 20th: A central meeting and demonstration of Koreans in Japan are held to crush the plot of internal and external enemies to create "two Koreas" and demand the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressive armed forces from South Korea.

The 23d: Street corner propaganda gets underway in unison throughout Japan denouncing the machinations of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet gang to provoke another war.

The 25th: On the occasion of the 25 June-27 July anti-U.S. united struggle month to have the U.S. troops withdrawn from South Korea the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee releases a letter of appeal addressed to the Japanese people.

## July

The 1st: The GAKRJ begins to launch the "70-day patriotic movement" to greet with brilliant achievements the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic.

The 2d: A meeting of compatriots in Miyagi Prefecture is held at the GAKRJ Miyagi Prefecture headquarters for delivery of the relief money remitted by the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song for the schools and compatriots suffering from the recent earthquake.

The 3d: On the occasion of the sixth anniversary of the 4 July north-south joint statement the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee releases a letter of appeal addressed to all compatriots affiliated with Mindan.

The 4th: At the Korean Hall of Publication is held a report meeting of the congratulatory delegation of Koreans in Japan [returning from] celebration of the 66th birthday of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song.

--A report meeting is held at the Korean Hall of Publication in commemoration of the sixth anniversary of the 4 July north-south joint statement.

The 8th: In connection with the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang having played the game of "presidential election" at so-called "National Council for Unification" and perpetrated the act of forcibly seizing "political power," an act unpardonable for a thousand years, the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee issues a statement.

The 9th: Korean natural science activists in Japan hold a meeting in Tokyo.

The 12th: Meetings of functionaries of central organizations and business companies are held in unison with a view to dynamically launching into the "70-day patriotic movement."

The 18th: The 13th Central Golf Championships of Koreans in Japan are held (until the 19th).

The 22d: The Third Central Volleyball Championships of Korean Youth League Chapters in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic are held (until the 23d).

The 27th: A central meeting of Koreans in Japan is held in commemoration of the 25th anniversary of the victory of the Fatherland Liberation War.

The 29th: Seaborne and automobile demonstrations are dynamically launched by Koreans in Yamaguchi Prefecture to crush the plot of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang to create "two Koreas" and have the U.S. imperialist aggressive armed forces withdrawn from South Korea at once.



The 31st: The GAKRJ Central Standing Committee proposes to "Mindan" to jointly hold a rally of compatriots in Japan on the occasion of the 33d anniversary of the August 15 liberation with a view to hastening the independent peaceful reunification of the country.

#### August

The 1st: The second semester of adult schools gets underway in unison throughout Japan.

--Summer schools open in unison throughout Japan.

--A film showing month in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic gets underway throughout Japan.

The 2d: Training course for lecturers with a view to successfully carrying out the second semester work of adult schools gets underway at the GAKRJ Tokyo headquarters and at various regional headquarters

The 9th: A meeting of GAKRJ Osaka educational functionaries is held in commemoration of the fifth anniversary of the 31 August 1973 teachings of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song.

The 15th: A central meeting of Koreans in Japan is impressively held in commemoration of the 33d anniversary of the 15 August fatherland liberation.

--A central sports festival of Koreans in Japan in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK is held in Tokyo (until the 17th).

The 18th: Compatriots, who are members of an association of compatriots in Saitama renouncing Japanese citizenship and demanding Korean citizenship, present letters of renunciation of Japanese citizenship to the District Legal Affairs Bureau and the subbureau.

The 25th: A meeting of Korean educational functionaries in Japan is held in Tokyo in commemoration of the fifth anniversary of the 31 August 1973 teachings of the great leader.

--A meeting of Korean women in Japan is held denouncing the criminal acts of the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang trampling the human rights of the South Korean women.

--An association of Tokyo compatriots is formed renouncing Japanese citizenship and demanding Korean citizenship.

The 26th: The ninth educational method study meeting of Korean educational functionaries in Japan is held in Tokyo.

#### September

The 4th: In connection with the 69th educational grants in aid and scholarships remitted by the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song for the development of democratic

national education of compatriots in Japan the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee respectfully sends a telegram of thanks to the respected and beloved leader.

The 5th: A meeting of Korean educational functionaries, scientists, and students in Japan is held to thank the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song for his concern expressed in the 69th educational grants in aid and scholarships.

--A lecture meeting of Korean educational functionaries, scientists, and students in Japan is held in commemoration of the first anniversary of publication of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song's classical work "Theses on Socialist Education."

--Cultural lecture classrooms begin in Tokyo and in Aichi and Hyogo [prefectures].

The 6th: A GAKRJ cadre lecture meeting is held in Tokyo in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

The 8th: A central meeting of Korean in Japan is held celebrating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

--The GAKRJ Central Standing Committee gives banquet in celebration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic.

The 9th: The GAKRJ Central Standing Committee respectfully sends a letter of congratulations to the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

The 11th: The GAKRJ Center holds a meeting to listen to a recording of the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il-song's historic report "Let Us Step Up Socialist Construction Under the Banner of Chuche Thought."

The 13th: The fifth volleyball competition of Korean mothers in Japan is held.

The 16th: A central meeting of the Korean youth and students in Japan is held supporting and encouraging the antifascist democratization struggle of the South Korean youth and students.

The 19th: A symposium is held in Tokyo on the Korean issue in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic.

The 20th: The 181st repatriation ship MAN'GYONGBONG arrives at the port of Niigata.

The 22d: The 181st repatriation ship MAN'GYONGBONG sails from the port of Niigata for the fatherland.

The 24th: A meeting of activists of Korean Youth League teams is held in Tokyo in commemoration of the fourth anniversary of the 24th September 1974 teachings of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song.



The 25th: In connection with the kindest concern bestowed on compatriots in Japan by the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee sends a telegram of thanks to the respected and beloved leader.

#### October

The 3d: In commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic a modern Korean embroidery and ceramic exhibition is held in Tokyo (until the 8th).

The 10th: A central meeting is held at the Korean Hall of Culture in Tokyo to welcome back the congratulatory delegation of Koreans in Japan returning after celebrating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

--A central meeting is held at the Korean Hall of Culture in Tokyo to welcome the arts troupe of Korean students and juveniles in Japan formed for celebrating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK, followed by the first public performance of the arts troupe.

The 13th: A meeting is held to convey "Order of Kim Il-song," an honor conferred on the Association of Korean Credit Unions in Japan, and the title of Meritorious Journalist conferred on the functionaries of the GAKRJ Press and Publications Department.

--A meeting is held in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Korean News Service.

The 17th: A meeting of the Korean youth and students in Tokyo is held positively supporting and encouraging the antifascist democratization struggle of the South Korean youth and students.

The 18th: Dencouncing the trip to Japan of traitor Kim Chong-p'il, GAKRJ functionaries and compatriots launch street corner propaganda in front of major railway stations in Tokyo City (until the 21st).

The 23d: The 11th Central Committee of the General Association of Koreans Residing in Japan holds its second meeting (until the 24th).

The 26th: The 7th Students Fine Arts Exhibition in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic is held (until the 29th).

The 28th: A student boxing competition of Korean higher schools in Japan in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic is held (until the 29th).

The 31st: A fine arts exhibition of Koreans in Japan is held in Tokyo.

#### November

The 2d: Chairman Han Tok-su of the GAKRJ Center delivers a gift from the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song to the Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of Japan Socialist Party.

--A central meeting of the Korean youth and students in Japan is held in Tokyo in commemoration of the 49th anniversary of the Kwangju Students Incident.

The 11th: A report meeting of the delegation of Korean sportsmen in Japan [returning form] celebrating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the republic is held.

The 13th: In connection with the unreasonable obstructing machinations of the Japanese government against entry visas for our country's delegate and foreign delegates scheduled to attend the Second World Conference for the Reunification of Korea, the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee issues a statement.

--The newly constructed Akabane branch office of the Choun Tokyo Credit Union opens its doors to business.

The 14th: In connection with the case of the death of a compatriot at the Yokohama Immigration Center of the Japanese Ministry of Justice, representatives of the GAKRJ Center and of Kanagawa and Miyagi prefectural GAKRJ chapters visit the Yokohama Immigration Center and Sendai Immigration Office and file a strong protest.

The 15th: With a view to exposing and denouncing the unreasonable attitude of the Japanese authorities bent on obstructing the Second World Conference for the Reunification of Korea, GAKRJ functionaries and compatriots launch street corner propaganda in Tokyo.

--Mass lecture meetings on the subject of "Let Us Crush the Plot of the Split-tists To Create 'Two Koreas' and Hasten Fatherland Reunification" are held in various lecture districts.

--A central meeting of the Korean youth and students in Japan is held in Tokyo supporting the struggle of the South Korean youth and students for democratization of the South Korean society and reunification of the fatherland.

The 19th: The Korean Medical Association in Japan holds its first meeting in Tokyo to read scientific papers.

The 24th: The 1978 contest of arts performance of GAKRJ regional song and dance troupes is held.

The 27th: In connection with the opening of the Second World Conference for the Reunification of Korea the GAKRJ Central Standing Committee issues a statement.

The 23d: The GAKRJ Central Standing Committee issues a statement denouncing what is called "a great amnesty decree" proclaimed by the South Korean puppets on the eve of the so-called "president's inaugural" game.

The 25th: A meeting of Korean educational functionaries, scientists, and students in Japan is held in Tokyo to thank the great leader for his concern expressed in the 70th educational grants in aid and scholarships.

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Feb 4, 1982